(XLIKth YEAR.) THE (No. 2452.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1794.

CALCUTTA, *March* 12.

SIR John Shore landed at Champaul Chaut, on Sunday afternoon, from the Swallow packet, under a falute of feventeen guns from the ramparts of Fort William. The marquis Cornwallis has declared his intention of continuing in the government of India, till Auguft next.

A magazine at Cannanore blew up on the firft ult. by which accident two Europeans, one Tendal, and thirty Lafcars were killed. Upwards of two thouland ftraw huts, in the Jann Baza), were conſumed by accidental fire on Tueſday laſt; and on the following day another fire broke out in the Baw Bazar.

Extract from the MADRAS COURIER, April 4, 1793.

"A drummer of colonel Baillie's corps, who had been ſince that memorable fatal action, a priſoner with Tippoo, has lately effected his eſcape from Seringapatam, and arrived in ſafety early laſt month at Cochin.

"By him we are informed, that upwards of thirty of our unfortunate countrymen are ſtill detained priſoners by Tippoo at Seringapatam; their releaſe, however, we may ſhortly hope to hear of, their names having been given in to general Abercrombie."

LEYDEN, *September* 19.

We are informed by letters from Paris, that a part of the Spaniſh forces have diſembarked under the protection of their fleet at Truges upon the coaſt of Provence, to co-operate with thoſe of Toulon, in the expulſion of Carteaux, and his banditti.

The Piedmonteſe and Auſtrians are expected at the ſame time to avail themſelves of the retreat of the French from Italy. The latter, we are aſſured, have evacuated the county of Nice, and in the abſence of the army of the Alps ſuſtained a very ſevere defeat before Lyons.

LEGHORNE, *September* 6.

We have received the following circumſtances relative to the poſſeſſion of the port of Toulon, by the combined fleets. One of the firſt meaſures taken to ſecure the public peace, was to apprehend the Jacobines to the number of three thouſand. Two thouſand of them are confined, and the reſt ſent to Barcelona in ſeveral veſſels. It was alſo determined to arreſt the commiſſioners of the convention; but when the officers ordered for that purpoſe arrived at their lodgings, one of them was found hanging to the bar of the window, and the other blew his brains out with a piſtol. Both of them had voted for the death of the late king.

It is not true that the cannon towards the ſea has been nailed. The four thouſand Spaniſh troops which arrived from Roſas, upon the requeſt of general Ricardos, are gone to Rouſſillon.

STRASBOURG, *September* 1.

We every moment expect the ſounding of the tocſin, as a ſign for ſeizing arms by all the inhabitants. A number of young men have fled to Quedlinburg, to avoid the tyranny of this oppreſſive meaſure. They were purſued without effect. In fine, the diſcontent of the generality of the people at this place is at ſuch an alarming height, that the moſt dreadful conſequences are expected.

ROME, *September* 6.

His majeſty the king of the two Sicilies has given notice to the French reſident, that his ſtay at Naples will be no longer adviſeable. His ſervants, and other dependants have obtained eight days to provide themſelves with paſſports previous to their departure. The court of Naples, on the third inſtant, was in hourly expectation of diſpatches from Vienna of great importance.

TURIN, *September* 20.

General Stratoldo has gained a conſiderable victory over the French, who have been forced to quit many important poſts, with the loſs of ſeveral hundred men, and four pieces of cannon, and alſo to evacuate Nice.

GENOA, *Auguſt* 28.

The Britiſh envoy, Mr. Drake, is ordered by the court, to negotiate and conclude a treaty with the Iſland of Corſica, the inhabitants of which refuſe any longer to acknowledge the government of France.

LONDON, *October* 3.

The French committee of public welfare has preſented the plan of a decree to the convention, by which the troops of the republic are forbid to enter into winter quarters before they have expelled from the land of liberty all the hordes of foreigners who profane it.

Oct. 4. The French executive council have raiſed the ſiege of Lyons, and with a large train of artillery marched the whole army that had inveſted that place to the attack of Toulon.

Oct. 5. General Bournonville and the national commiſſioners are confined in the fortreſs of Spielberg, near Brinn, in Moravia, to which place the two miniſters, Semonville and Maret, have alſo been conducted.

Louis Eveque, formerly preſident of one of the departments, has been guillotined for having committed the crime of remitting money to his own ſon, who is an emigrant.

The public is much indebted to major Rennel for explaining the cauſe why ſhips in coming from the Atlantic, and ſteering a courſe for the Britiſh Channel, in a parrallel ſouth of the Scilly iſlands, often find themſelves to the north of thoſe iſlands. The prevalence of weſterly winds in the Atlantic impels the waters along the north coaſt of Spain, and accumulates them in the Bay of Biſcay; from which they are projected along the coaſt of France in a direction N. W. by W. to the weſtward of Scilly and Ireland. It is to this formerly undeſcribed current, that it is imputed the loſs of the Nancy packet in our times, and that of Sir Cloudeſley Shovel, and others of his fleet, in the beginning of the preſent century; beſides numberleſs caſes equally melancholy, but of leſs celebrity. The major, in a paper read before the Royal Society in June laſt, and which is now publiſhed for the benefit of the public at large, explains the means by which ſuch diſaſters may be avoided in future.

Oct. 7. The following was written on the back of a guinea note, which among others, was received by a gentleman at Edinburgh a few days ago, and may ſerve as a monitor to other prodigals: "Let thoſe into whoſe hands this note may hereafter paſs, ſympathiſe with him from whom it is juſt going—It is the laſt of one hundred pounds, which in one ſhort week his folly has diſſipated, but he will ſeverely want, and ſhortly."

Oct. 8. Some deciſive action muſt be fought in Flanders, before the combined armies can ſecure to themſelves ſafe winter cantonments.

Further naval preparations are certainly making, under rear-admiral Macbride's direction, to act againſt Dunkirk.

Several thouſand flannel ſhirts are now making for the Britiſh troops on the continent.

Prince Edward is to join Sir Charles Grey, in the Weſt-Indies, with two regiments from Canada.

Letters received at Paris on the 20th ultimo, mention the ſurrender of Perpignan and Toulouſe.

Luckner is arreſted, and general Quetineau is in the priſon of St. Pelagie.

Madame Dubarry, accuſed of counter-revolutionary deſigns, is now in the Abbaye.

Lyons was ſummoned for the laſt time on the 20th of September.

It is not expected the campaign will laſt much longer. Orders have been given at Oſtend, to prepare there, and in the neighbourhood, quarters for 16,000 men.

STATE PAPER.

"Whereas the Britiſh fleet has her principal magazines and ſtore-houſe on that coaſt, and ſince the commanders of that fleet are determined to paſs the winter partly in the port of Leghorn, and partly in the road of Spazin, it was neceſſary to give orders to the French miniſter to quit the dominions of the grand duke, and that all emblems of French democracy ſhould be effaced from the palace in which that miniſter lived. He further requeſted, that all followers of the ſyſtem of the French anarchy ſhould be ſeverely puniſhed; and all the French ſuſpected of ſuch principles, ſhould likewiſe have orders to quit the dominions of the grand duke. And finally, that all commercial communications between the ſubjects of Tuſcany and the French ſhould ceaſe, and that in caſe of refuſal on the part of the court of Tuſcany, that the Britiſh fleet had orders to take the ſtricteſt meaſures to enforce the above requeſt. And that when, on the contrary, his royal highneſs the grand duke will take the neceſſary meaſures, in order to effectuate what has been requeſted on the part of his Britiſh majeſty, the fleet is ordered to take under their protection the ſecurity of the navigation of the ſubjects of his royal highneſs the grand duke, as well as the ſafety of all the ſea ports belonging to the dominions of Tuſcany."

KINGSTON, (*Jamaica*) *October* 24.

It is with unfeigned ſorrow the printer communicates to the public the following melancholy ſcene, which took place at Montego bay, on Monday laſt, occaſioned by a moſt tremendous ſwell of the ſea, which ſet in ſuddenly the preceding day, and continued to increaſe to a degree unknown to the oldeſt inhabitant. The particulars were received laſt night by a letter from a gentleman who was a ſufferer in this dreadful calamity, which beggars deſcription.

Five ſhips, three brigs, a ſnow, two ſchooners, three ſloops, and ſeveral ſmaller veſſels, went on ſhore, and moſtly gone to pieces; many lives were loſt; a number of buildings down, and wharfs torn to pieces. The whole of the lower part of the bay, from Smith's wharf to the eaſt end of Meagre bay, to ſeveral feet covered with ſand, and large logs of mahogany, ſuſtic, &c. are buried in it.

Amidſt the foregoing painful ſcene of diſtreſs, which the printer has occaſion to relate, it is a pleaſure to mention the brave and humane conduct of a ſailor on board the Langriſhe, who, when ſhe ſtruck, threw a ſmall line to the people on ſhore, who were drawn there by the cries of the crew, to afford what relief they could; a large rope was faſtened by them to it, which he drew to the veſſel and ſecured, by means of this conveyance, upwards of twenty people got on ſhore; the others who remained were by this man, laſhed to a ſecond rope, and by this means ſaved; he laſtly came on ſhore himſelf, when recollecting an old ſoreigner, whoſe life had been preſerved by a dog on board the Langriſhe, jumped overboard before ſhe parted, he ſwam off, ſecured him by ropes, and got him ſafe; his laſt care was directed to the faithful animal juſt mentioned, whom this worthy tar ſwore ſhould not go to wreck after ſaving the life of a human creature.

BOSTON, *December* 11.

Extract of a letter from St. John's, N. F. dated November 14, 1793, *to a gentleman in this town.*

"Buſineſs is very dull with us at preſent. Curſed war makes us ſuffer greatly. Although we have a fine market, and every thing cheap, money is very ſcarce.

"We have a privateer fitting out here; ſhe is a brig, and is ready for ſea, the property of George Younghuſband, mounting twelve four pounders and ten ſwivels, manned with fifty men—commanded by captain Boyd, who will ſail in a few days on a cruiſe, perhaps in your bay."

On inquiring we find, that there was not a ſhip among the veſſels lately caſt away on Cape Cod. A large ſloop, from Charleſton, and ſeveral fiſhing ſchooners, are, however, among the number. What lives were loſt we have not heard.

NEW-YORK, *December* 21.

Liſbon, 22d October, 1793.

Peter S. Livingſton, Eſq; New-York.

"Dear Sir,

"I have the pleaſure to inform you, that I have this day obtained a promiſe from the Court of a convoy for our ſhips, about ſixteen in number, to be provided as ſoon as they ſhall be ready to ſail. My letter, and the very polite and friendly anſwer from the Portugueſe miniſter, go by this conveyance to the ſecretary of ſtate; the veſſel ſails to-morrow. I pray you to communicate this pleaſing and very important intelligence to all the merchants, &c. &c. in your city.

I am, dear Sir,

Moſt ſincerely, yours,

EDW. CHURCH.

N. B. The two following veſſels arrived here the 20th inſtant, without ſeeing the enemy: viz the ſchooner Elſey, captain Wells, of Boſton, but laſt from North-Carolina, ſeven weeks paſſage; and the brig Betſey, captain Bunbury, of Portſmouth, laſt from Virginia; ſame paſſage, ſpoke captain Alkins, bound from hence to Boſton, forty leagues N. W. from the Rock of Liſbon.

Mr. Philips arrived here yeſterday in the Daniſh ſhip Stadt Altona, fifty-ſix days from Liſbon, charged with diſpatches to the government of the United States, from Mr. Church, our conſul at Liſbon.

We learn from Mr. Philips, that the peace made between the regency of Algiers and the queen of Portugal, was wholly effected without her knowledge or conſent, by the agents of the Britiſh and Spaniſh courts. That the captain of the Portugueſe frigate who had brought the news of the peace into Liſbon, firſt obtained it from an Algerine croiſer he fell in with, and who produced him his authority for the peace, being papers ſigned by the Britiſh and Spaniſh agents; upon this the frigate quit her ſtation and went into port, where the captain was immediately impriſoned for having done ſo.

Mr. Philips further adds, that it was currently reported, and generally believed in Liſbon, that her majeſty of Portugal, would immediately order a ſixty gun ſhip and a frigate to cruiſe off the Straits mouth, to protect the veſſels of the United States, bound to and from her ports.

We are ſorry to add to the foregoing, that nine American veſſels have been ſeen in the Mediterranean with Algerines on board, who were taking them into their ports. One of theſe unfortunate veſſels is ſaid to be the brig Nancy of Philadelphia.

By the ſchooner Governor Clinton, from Jeremie, and other Weſt-India arrivals, we learn, that the French frigate Incarnate had been taken in the bite of Leogane, by two Britiſh frigates, the Penelope and Iphigenia. That St. Mark's and Leogane had re-

volted against the commissioners. That several American vessels are carried into Barraw, Cuba. That there is an embargo on vessels at Port au-Prince. That a British armament had arrived in the West-Indies for the purpose of reducing all the French Islands, to begin with Martinico. That general Rochambeau has a large army of negroes, well disciplined, momently expecting an attack on Martinico, which is now quiet. That all aristocrats were flying from every French island to the protection of the British. That the schooner Port-au-Prince, of Baltimore, from Jeremie, had been plundered by a Spanish privateer, and robbed even of their shoes.

NORFOLK, *December* 25.

Yesterday arrived here the ship Bacchus, captain Vanneman, from Jamaica; which place he left the 28th of November. The papers received contain nothing particular. Captain Vanneman informs, that the governor of Jamaica issued a proclamation on the 15th of November, opening the ports of that island, for the importation of red and white oak staves and heading, in American bottoms, for four months.

An Antigua paper, of the 18th November, received yesterday by the brig Experiment, captain M'Koskie, says, "The French privateers are still cruising off St. Bartholomew, but they are not permitted to carry their prizes there, or even go there themselves in consequence of some regulations which have lately taken place between the courts of London and Sweden."

ANNAPOLIS, *January* 9.

Extract of a letter from Baltimore, dated the 8th instant.

"Last night a dreadful fire broke out at the unseasonable hour of twelve, and, in about two hours, made most terrible havock. By the activity of the citizens, and under the favour of a still night, it was suppressed, after laying in ashes eight or ten houses on Hollingsworth's wharf. It is a happy circumstance the wind did not blow; if this had been the case the consequence must have been more extensively calamitous.

"It is said two men were unfortunately killed on the occasion, by the fall of a chimney."

To be SOLD,

A LARGE and valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 450 acres, lying in Calvert county, sixty-five miles from Baltimore-town, thirty-five miles from Annapolis, three miles from the inspecting house, at Hunting-town, (and two miles from the Chesapeake bay, commanding a beautiful prospect of the same) there are about 150 acres of wood, consisting of white oak, hickory and poplar; about forty acres of prime meadow ground, which may be cleared with very little trouble or expence; a large and thriving apple orchard of excellent fruit, and a number of other fruit trees; two tobacco houses, one of which is entirely new. Any person inclined to view the property, will be shewn it by applying to Mr. GIDEON DARE, merchant, Calvert county, who will make known the terms of sale. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber at his cabinet manufactory, in Gay-street, Baltimore.

WILLIAM HARRIS.

Pursuant to the directions of the orphans court of Prince-George's county, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 11th day of February next, at the plantation of the late Dr. LEONARD HOLLIDAY, near Nottingham, if fair, if not the first day,

ALL the personal property of the said Dr. Leonard Holliday, as also all the NEGROES belonging to the estate of the late LEONARD HOLLIDAY, jun. for the purpose of paying the just debts due from the said estates. The property consists of sixty or seventy very valuable SLAVES, men, women, boys and girls; among the former are two good carpenters, and others accustomed to work as such, and several valuable plantation men that are well acquainted with both planting and farming. Among the women are several valuable house servants that are well acquainted with washing and ironing. The boys and girls are very active handsome young negroes. A large stock of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, and a variety of household furniture and plantation utensils.

And on Monday the 24th of February, if fair, if otherwise the first fair day, at Buzzard Island, in Calvert county, will be exposed to public sale, a very considerable stock, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, together with various articles of household furniture and plantation utensils, being part of the personal property of the said Leonard Holliday, jun. lately deceased. All which will be sold upon a credit of twelve months, the purchaser giving bond with good security, such as shall be approved, by

WALTER B. COX, Administrator of Dr. LEONARD HOLLIDAY, and administrator de bonis non of LEONARD HOLLIDAY, jun.

The creditors of Dr. LEONARD HOLLIDAY and LEONARD HOLLIDAY, jun. are requested to produce their claims, legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to me, as I am determined to close the administration by the time limitted by law.

WALTER B. COX, Administrator of Dr. Leonard Holliday, and administrator de bonis non of Leonard Holliday, jun.

Nottingham, December 20, 1793.

SUBSCRIPTIONS for EDWARDS's DAILY ADVERTISER, taken in by the PRINTERS hereof.

The following is a LIST of PRIZES drawn in Mr. PEREGRINE FITZHUGH's

PROPERTY and CASH LOTTERY.

No. 774 prize of four hundred acres of land, being that part of P. Fitzhugh's dwelling plantation, including dwelling house, barns, orchard, &c.

No. 2169 prize of a tract of land, called Addition, containing 200 acres.

No. 314 prize of a tract of land, called Neglect, containing, by patent, 200 acres.

No's. 61, 2129, 3748, prizes of three hundred and fifty-five acres, an undivided third part of a moiety of Kent Fort Manor.

No's. 2841, 3514, prizes of three thousand acres of land, situated in Bourbon county, in the state of Kentucky.

No. 2141 prize of four thousand acres of land, lying on Scioto river, a military right, confirmed by the state of Virginia.

No. 2124 prize of one hundred pounds.

No's. 127, 1320, prizes of fifty pounds.

No's 2723, 3669, 3630, 3690, prizes of twenty-five pounds.

PRIZES of

One, one hundred and sixteenth part of the neat proceeds of a tract of land, called Cabbin Neck, containing 350 acres,

15	605	1058	1480	2056	2481	3084	3487
125	617	1084	1497	2057	2488	3103	3496
146	683	1094	1514	2087	2505	3174	3547
194	695	1114	1552	2092	2522	3229	3610
203	752	1165	1603	2130	2523	3245	3611
229	820	1174	1683	2209	2599	3264	3018
292	825	1201	1768	2230	26 9	3269	3028
308	848	1240	1794	2238	2655	3270	3706
311	924	1247	1795	2302	2606	3347	3721
419	943	1261	1855	2355	2831	3356	3767
471	979	1290	1966	2368	2854	3375	3780
559	986	1299	1996	2374	2872	3452	3806
591	1016	1357	2014	2446	2983	3472	38 5
599	1034	1400	2028	2479	3069	3479	3824
601	1044	1407	2043				

PRIZES of

One fifty-second part of the neat proceeds of one hundred and fifty six acres, being the remaining part of my dwelling plantation.

31	393	678	1350	1979	2135	2749	3081
55	397	706	1409	1990	2145	2760	3107
78	398	756	1423	1991	2489	2858	3149
131	455	786	1562	2082	2576	2971	3163
150	504	813	1611	2103	2623	2976	3751
277	523	1137	1745	2131	2713	2993	3803
330	637	1332	1870				

PRIZES of TWELVE DOLLARS.

6	409	1025	1383	1761	2454	2965	3408
14	431	1033	1394	1784	2509	2975	3418
24	433	1067	1396	1797	2510	3003	3425
28	438	1008	1401	1816	2513	3079	3463
29	454	1096	1408	1818	2539	3085	3466
52	467	1131	1466	1837	2597	3100	3539
106	529	1136	1478	1883	2645	3110	3545
123	597	1155	1489	1926	2604	3120	3550
142	626	1168	15 3	2 19	2695	3138	3508
165	651	1180	1508	2020	2721	3171	3573
166	676	1195	1515	2093	2739	3180	3613
182	693	1197	1528	2156	2783	3239	3648
195	753	1246	1530	2170	2789	3240	3663
204	757	1248	1563	2203	2809	3263	3682
260	775	1256	1585	2292	2812	3314	3702
319	851	1293	1607	2328	2824	3340	3745
340	896	1327	1608	2353	2837	3360	3768
355	952	1352	1629	2375	2893	3361	3776
359	977	1354	1653	2412	2904	3371	3787
376	995	1363	1665	2418	2935	3392	3805
400	1010	1381	1696	2439	2944		

THEATRE.

The LAST WEEK of the COMPANY'S PERFORMING this SEASON.

On MONDAY, January 13, 1794.

A COMEDY, never acted here, called,

Every one has his Fault.

To which will be added, a COMIC OPERA, in two acts, called, the

Agreeable Surprise.

With the ORIGINAL OVERTURE and ACCOMPANIMENTS.

Days of PERFORMANCE, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

THE trustees of WILLIAM SPRIGG BOWIE, request a meeting of the creditors of the said Bowie, at Upper Marlborough, on Wednesday the 22d of January, in order that they may examine a state of the claims delivered to the trustees, and the sales and collection made by them.

December 30, 1793.

Mr. O'Duhigg,

HAS the honour of informing the ladies and gentlemen of this city, that he will open his DANCING SCHOOL, on Thursday next, at the ASSEMBLY-ROOM, where he will do his utmost endeavours to deserve the approbation of the generous public, who will confide their children under his care. A night school for the gentlemen three times a week.

THE subscriber has for SALE, a few LOOKING GLASSES, in gilt and mahogany frames, TEA CADDIES, MAHOGANY KNIFE CASES, BACK-GAMMON TABLES, and a well toned PIANO-FORTE. Complete sets of PIANO-FORTE STRINGS, GERMAN FLUTES of the first quality, a variety of SONGS and DUETS, for the voice and harpsichord, from all the favourite operas, &c. Tutors for the Piano-forte, Guittar, German Flute, and Violin.

JOHN SHAW.

N. B. A Choice of HARPSICHORD MUSIC.

Annapolis, December 23d, 1793.

BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES, DECEMBER 23, 1793.

ORDERED, That the bill relating to public roads in this state, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned, except the names of the counties now included in it, be published three weeks in the Maryland Journal, Maryland Gazette, Hanson's Georgetown paper, and Maryland Herald, for the consideration of the people.

By order,

WM. HARWOOD, Cl.

A BILL, entitled, An act relating to public roads in this state, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the present modes of repairing the roads under the existing laws of this state are found by experience unequal to the purposes intended, and partial and unjust in their operation, and it seems expedient for the good of the state and convenience of the people to provide more effectual methods, and to vest in proper persons a power of laying out new roads and streightening old ones; therefore

Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the justices of the peace for ——— counties, or any five of them, shall and they are hereby empowered and required to meet at the court-houses of their respective counties, on the first Monday in March next, and in each succeeding year during the continuance of this act, at the usual time of holding their levy court, and at every such annual meeting to levy, by equal assessment on the assessable property within their county, a sum of money not exceeding three shillings and nine-pence on every hundred pounds of assessable property in said counties, to be collected as other county charges are, which shall be paid to the justices of the levy court, or their order, to be applied towards streightening, laying out and amending roads, in said counties; and the said justices, or any five of them, shall have full power and authority to appropriate the funds arising from the said tax to the said roads, and to anticipate the collection of any of the said taxes, by permitting, if expedient, the supervisor or supervisors to accept of labour in lieu thereof, by issuing orders to those by whom such labour may be rendered, to be discounted in taxes with the collector of his county in discharge of monies for that particular tax.

And be it enacted, That the justices of the levy court, or any five of them, on application in writing, signed by a majority of the inhabitants of any hundred or hundreds through which any roads may pass, to establish a new public road, or to streighten any old road heretofore laid out as a public road, shall have power and authority to appoint three discreet persons, freeholders in said county, commissioners, to view, survey and plot, the said road, so applied for, and make a return thereof to the said court at their next meeting, who, on receiving such plot or plots, shall examine the same, and all evidence that shall or may be offered for or against the said road, as returned, and if disapproved, may reject the same, or may direct the said commissioners to alter and amend the said plot, and when approved, shall direct them to mark and bound said road or roads accordingly, and direct a supervisor or supervisors to clear and improve the same, in the same manner, and on the same terms, as other roads heretofore laid out; and upon completing the same, the said road shall be deemed a public road, and shall be kept in repair as all other public roads in said county are by this law directed to be kept.

And, whereas the streightening and amending old and making new roads, may cause damage to the proprietors of lands through which the same may pass, and it is reasonable and just that compensation be made to such proprietors, *Be it enacted*, That whenever any old road shall be altered in its breadth or direction, or any new road load out as aforesaid, the justices aforesaid, or any five of them, shall be and they are hereby empowered and authorised to agree with the party injured for the amount of the damages sustained, but if such agreement doth not take place, then the said justices shall issue their warrant, directed to the sheriff of the county, commanding him to summon and return a jury of twelve good and lawful men of the said county, not interested or related to the party or parties, to be and appear before one of the said justices, on the premises, at a certain day in the said warrant to be expressed, which jury, upon their oath, or affirmation if a Quaker, Mennonist or Tunker, to be administered by some one of the justices aforesaid, shall inquire who is or are the owner or owners of the land over which any such road shall pass, and what damages such owner or owners will actually suffer from the passage of the road over the land as aforesaid, when the said road is a new one, or by widening or streightening said road, when it is a road heretofore laid out, taking into due consideration all conveniences and inconveniences, advantages and disadvantages, if any, arising from such circumstances, whether by the improvement of an old road, or making a new one; and such sheriff shall return the inquest of the jury aforesaid, under their hands and seals, and attested by his official signature and seal, to the next levy court to be held for the

county, and the amount of damages therein expreſſed, if any, ſhall be paid by order of the ſaid court out of the monies to be levied as aforeſaid: Provided that no new road ſhall be made through any building, enclosed yard, garden or orchard, againſt the will of the owner, nor ſhall any field in which grain, hemp, flax, tobacco, or other cultivated vegetables be growing, be laid open until after the ſeaſon for collecting and ſecuring the crop.

And be it enacted, That the ſaid juſtices ſhall, and they are hereby required, at their aforeſaid meetings at their levy court, every year thereafter, to nominate, and by warrant under the hand of the clerk, and ſeal of the county, appoint fit and proper perſons to be ſupervifors of the public roads in their county, within ſuch diviſions and diſtricts as ſhall be ſpecified and aſſigned by ſaid court in the ſaid warrants, and every ſupervifor, appointed in virtue of this act, ſhall give bond to the ſtate of Maryland, with good ſecurity, in ſuch ſum or penalty as the ſaid juſtices ſhall require, for the performance of his duty, and ſuch ſupervifors, ſo appointed, ſhall continue to ſerve as ſuch until a new appointment as aforeſaid, by the ſaid juſtices at their levy courts, and in caſe of the death, removal, neglect, refuſal to act, or miſbehaviour of any ſupervifor ſo appointed, the ſaid juſtices, or any three of them, moſt convenient, in the recefs of the ſaid court, may nominate and appoint, by warrant under their hands and ſeals, another perſon in his place to ſerve for the reſidue of the time for which ſaid ſupervifor, ſo dying, removing, refuſing to act, or miſbehaving, was originally appointed; and the ſupervifors, nominated and appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall give bond with ſecurity as aforeſaid, and ſhall clear, amend, and keep in good repair, the ſaid public roads within their reſpective diſtricts, and ſhall make, amend, and keep in good repair, all ſuch bridges and cauſeways as are needful and requiſite to be made and repaired; and to enable the ſaid ſupervifors effectually to perform the ſaid duties, they are hereby empowered, from time to time, to hire and employ, at reaſonable wages, a ſufficient number of labourers to work on the ſaid public roads, and to hire and employ horſes, carts, waggons or other convenient carriages, for the purpoſe of carrying earth, gravel, ſtones, timber or other heavy articles, neceſſary for amending the ſaid roads, or making and keeping in repair the ſaid bridges and cauſeways, and alſo to agree, at reaſonable rates, for and purchaſe ſuch wood and timber as may be neceſſary in making ſuch bridges and cauſeways.

And be it enacted, That the warrants ſhall be made out to the ſupervifors as aforeſaid by the clerk of the ſaid court, and by him delivered to the ſheriff of the county, within ten days after the ſaid warrant ſhall be ordered by the ſaid court, and ſhall be delivered by the ſaid ſheriff, to whom the ſame is directed, within ten days after the ſaid ſheriff's receipt thereof, under the penalty of five pounds for each warrant not delivered by the clerk, and the like ſum for each warrant received, and not delivered as aforeſaid, by the ſaid ſheriff, to be recovered before a ſingle magiſtrate, as in caſe of ſmall debts out of court, and applied towards clearing and amending the public roads, bridges and cauſeways, aforeſaid.

And be it enacted, That if any of the ſaid ſupervifors ſhall not well and ſufficiently clear and amend the ſaid public roads within his diſtrict, within a reaſonable time after the ſame ſhall be out of repair, or ſhall not ſtreighten the ſaid public roads as marked and bounded by the commiſſioners appointed and empowered, when directed by ſaid juſtices, or ſhall permit or ſuffer any fallen trees, or other obſtruction, within his power, to remain to lie in or acroſs any of the ſaid public roads, whereby any waggon, cart or other carriage, may be obſtructed, for the ſpace of two days together, he having notice thereof, or ſhall neglect to fall, or cauſe to be fallen, all dead trees on each ſide of the ſaid public roads, whoſe limbs hang over the ſaid road, and may, by their falling, injure travellers, or ſhall ſuffer any of the bridges or cauſeways, in his ſaid diſtrict, to be out of repair, or in any other manner fail in the performance of the duty of the ſupervifor of the public roads, after having accepted ſuch office, he ſhall forfeit and pay a ſum not exceeding five pounds current money for every offence, to be recovered and applied as aforeſaid.

And be it enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſupervifors aforeſaid, and any perſons to be employed by them, to take and carry away any ſtones, gravel, or earth, of a firm quality, that may be found on any land adjoining the roads for which the ſame may be wanted, without leave of the owner, or making him any compenſation therefor; Provided, that no ſtone, quarried or collected by the owner for his own uſe, or for ſale, ſhall be ſo taken or applied, or any enclofure laid open to obtain the ſame, without the owner or owners leave firſt being obtained.

And be it enacted, That the ſaid ſupervifors ſhall, and they are hereby required, before they begin to ſtreighten, amend, or repair any road within their ſeveral reſpective diſtricts, or to make or repair any bridge or cauſeway, to give notice, by advertiſement ſet up at the moſt convenient, public, and frequented places in ſuch diſtrict, in order that the ſaid inhabitants may have an opportunity of hiring labourers to the ſaid ſupervifor, or labour themſelves, in and upon the ſaid roads, bridges, or cauſeways, and each ſupervifor ſhall be allowed a ſum not exceeding ſeven ſhillings and ſix-pence per day for every day he ſhall attend.

And be it enacted, That the juſtices aforeſaid may, and ſhall at their levy court, annually, call on the collector or collectors and the ſeveral ſub-collectors for the ſettlement of all monies levied and aſſeſſed for the uſe of the roads as aforeſaid, and in caſe of neglect or refuſal of the ſaid collectors or ſupervifors to ſettle his accounts and pay the balance due from him or them, ſhall immediately commence ſuit for the recovery thereof, in which no appeal or writ of error ſhall be had or brought, nor more than one imparlance ſhall be allowed.

And be it enacted, That if any perſon or perſons ſhall preſume to alter or change, or in any manner obſtruct, or encroach on any of the ſaid roads, or on any part or parts thereof, or cut down or deſtroy, deface, or injure any of the bridges, cauſeways, boundaries, marks, or directions therein, ſuch perſon or perſons, being thereof convicted in the county court, ſhall be fined, at the diſcretion of the court, in any ſum not exceeding five pounds, according to the nature and degree of the offence, and all fines impoſed in ſuch caſes ſhall be recovered before any juſtice of the peace for the county, and appropriated to the purpoſe of repairing ſuch damages and improving the road, and ſhall be paid to, and accounted for, by the ſupervifors of the diſtrict wherein ſuch damages ſhall be ſuſtained.

And be it enacted, That in all caſes where it ſhall be deemed neceſſary by the juſtices of the levy court of two adjacent counties, divided by water from each other, to keep up bridges heretofore built, or to have new bridges erected over ſaid water, it ſhall be done at the joint and equal expence of ſuch adjoining counties.

This act to commence on the firſt Monday of March next, and continue in force ſeven years, and until the end of the next ſeſſion of aſſembly which ſhall happen thereafter, and from and after the aforeſaid firſt Monday of March next, the act, entitled, An act for the marking of highways, and making the heads of rivers, creeks, branches and ſwamps, paſſable for horſe and foot, paſſed at September ſeſſion, ſeventeen hundred and four, and the ſeveral ſupplements thereto, and an act to empower the juſtices of Cæcil county to ſtreighten and amend the public roads in ſaid county, and to levy the expences attending the ſame on the aſſeſſable property of ſaid county, paſſed November ſeſſion, ſeventeen hundred and ninety-one, except ſo far as relates to the roads already laid out by the commiſſioners of ſaid county, ſhall ceaſe to be in force, and are hereby repealed, ſo far as relates to Cæcil county.

On TUESDAY the 21ſt inſtant, will be EXPOSED to SALE, for READY CASH, at Mr. Ross's TAVERN, in Bladenſburg,

SUNDRY SLAVES, belonging to the eſtate of GEORGE DIDGES, Eſquire, deceaſed.

THE EXECUTORS.

January 1ſt, 1794.

ALL perſons who have claims againſt the eſtate of NICHOLAS WORTHINGTON, Eſquire, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in legally authenticated, and thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment to

BRICE JOHN WORTHINGTON,
Surviving executor.

December 31, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to apply to the next St. Mary's county court, for a commiſſion to mark and bound his part of a tract of land, called BASHFORD MANOR, lying in St. Mary's county, agreeable to an act of aſſembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding of lands.

GEORGE CARPENTER.

Leonard-Town, December 24, 1793.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, in Port-Tobacco, on MONDAY the twenty-ſeventh day of January next,

PART of two TRACTS of LAND, the one called HAWKINS's BARRONS, the other called SICAMY. The parcel to be ſold, contains about eighty acres. It lies within about two miles of Port-Tobacco-town, and is woodland, containing a good deal of timber. It is to be ſold for the benefit of the creditors of FRANCIS WARE, Eſquire, former ſheriff, who will ſhew the land.

THOMAS A. DYSON, for the truſtees of Francis Ware, Eſquire.

December 19th, 1793.

ALL perſons having claims againſt ARCHIBALD JOHNSON, an inſolvent debtor, are requeſted to bring them in legally authenticated, on Monday the 6th day of January next, that they may receive their ſeveral diſtributions, as I ſhall meet in Port-Tobacco on that day for the purpoſe of paying them.

JAMES SIMMS, Sheriff of Charles county.

December 9, 1793.

WHEREAS the PARTNERSHIP of W. ALLEIN and SON, being, on the 16th November, 1793, diſſolved, and neither of them not carrying on the ſnuff buſineſs, the ſubſcriber begs leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that he is now carrying on the manufactory of ſnuff, in all its various branches, where they formerly did, when he ſhall be ready and happy to furniſh their friends and the public, with a quantity of ſnuff, upon the ſhorteſt notice, and doubts not but to find a generous public will encourage their country manufactory.

WILLIAM ALLEIN, junior.

Raleigh's Plant, Calvert county, December 18th, 1793.

On the ſecond Saturday of next month will be OFFERED for SALE, at Queen-Anne,

FIFTEEN likely young NEGROES, the purchaſer to give bond, with approved ſecurity, for the purchaſe money at the end of twelve months.

JAMES [illegible]ANE.

Prince-George's county, December 10, 1793.

WANTED,

A MULATTO YOUTH, from ſeventeen to twenty years of age. A generous price will be given for one who can be well recommended for honeſty and ſobriety. Inquire of the PRINTERS.

SACRED MUSIC.

PROPOSALS,

For PRINTING, by SUBSCRIPTION,

An ANTHEM,

For PUBLIC or PRIVATE WORSHIP,

Compoſed by Rayner Taylor,

Profeſſor of MUSIC, PHILADELPHIA, lately ORGANIST of ANNAPOLIS.

PRICE to SUBSCRIBERS ONE DOLLAR, to be paid at the time of ſubſcribing.

The work will be engraved in the beſt manner and executed with all poſſible expedition; will contain about ſix pages in folio, and will be delivered to ſubſcribers, by the firſt convenient opportunity of conveyance.

Subſcriptions received by the PRINTERS hereof.

By order of the orphans court of Prince-George's county, will be offered for ſale, the perſonal eſtate of the late ADDISON MURDOCK, on Tueſday the 7th day of January,

CONSISTING of about ſeventy negroes, houſehold furniture, plantation utenſils, horſes, black cattle, ſheep, hogs, and a conſiderable quantity of Indian corn and fodder. The ſale to continue from day to day till all be ſold. The terms will be made known at the time of ſale. All perſons having claims againſt the eſtate are requeſted to bring them in, properly authenticated, to Mr. GARLAND CALLIS, at the Eaſtern-Branch ferry, who is autoriſed to ſettle and pay the ſame.

CLEM. BROOKE, }
ANTH. ADDISON, } Executors.

FOR SALE,

THAT commodious dwelling HOUSE now in the occupation of captain JAMES THOMAS, in this city. For title and terms apply to

F. GREEN.

Annapolis.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for SALE at this PRINTING-OFFICE,

A BOOK,

Which lately made it appearance in England, under the title of

"An Eſtimate of the Religion of the Faſhionable World."

By Miſs HANNAH MOORE.

The European edition of this elegant work has ſold at 6/. the American edition, neatly bound and lettered, at 3/9.

ALL perſons having juſt claims againſt the eſtate of the late captain JUDSON COOLIDGE, of Prince-George's county, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in legally authenticated, on or before the firſt day of March next, that they may be adjuſted, and all thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment, and it is earneſtly wiſhed that this notice may be attended to, or ſuits will be commenced without reſpect to perſons.

SAMUEL JUDSON COOLIDGE,
Adminiſtrator de bonis non.

December 5, 1793.

For Private Sale,

On a Reaſonable Credit.

THE ſubſcriber's DWELLING PLANTATION, containing about nine hundred acres. This valuable eſtate lies twenty miles below the city of Annapolis, on Herring-Bay, and in full view of the Cheſapeake. It has the advantage of a fine cove, well ſtocked with oyſters, and for fiſhing and fowling, I think I may venture to ſay, is ſuperior to any other place in the United States; the ſoil is of excellent quality, equal to any in Maryland. There are two good meadows, and ſeveral others may be made without expence. The ſituation of this plantation gives it every advantage for raiſing and fattening ſtock; it abounds in locuſt, mulberry and walnut, and a great plenty of good oak timber. The ſubſcriber will attend at Mr. Mann's tavern until the twelfth inſtant, after which time application may be made to him at his own houſe, or to Mr. Benjamin Galloway, on Weſt-river.

He has likewiſe for SALE, about four hundred acres of good farming LAND, lying adjoining the above, which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms.

S. L. CHEW.

October [illegible]th, 1793.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, December 9, 1793.

ANY perſon inclined to undertake the repairs of that part of the STADT-HOUSE appropriated for the uſe of the GENERAL COURT, according to the deſigns and plans of Mr. JOSEPH CLARK, architect, is requeſted to ſend in propoſals, ſealed up, to the governor and council, on or before the ſecond Thurſday in January next.

By order, JOHN KILTY, Clk.

Matthew and John Beard,

HAVE LATELY RECEIVED,

A variety of GOODS,

Suitable to the present and approaching seasons, agreeable to the following list,

Which they are now OPENING and for SALE,

At their STORE,

At Beard's Point Warehouse.

SUPERFINE clothes.
Second ditto.
Two yards wide superfine Coatings,
Six-quarter ditto,
Ditto twilled ditto,
Cassimers,
Drabs of different quality,
German Serge,
Half-Thicks,
Plains,
Flannels,
Corduroys,
Thicksets,
Mens Worsted Hose,
Wildbores,
Joans Spinning,
Cassimancoes,
Durants,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Plane and Cross barred Muslins,
Fashionable Ribands,
India Muslin Handkerchiefs,
Lawn ditto,
Printed Barcelona and Bandanno ditto,
Ladies Gloves,
Moreens,
Best Gilt, Plated, Black paper, Metal and Federal Buttons,
Vest ditto,
Cloth coloured Sewing Silks and Threads,
Twist,
Ladies Black, White and Green Hats,
Fancy Willow ditto,
Ivory Combs,
Metal Spoons,
Shoe and Knee Buckles,
Ivory handle Knives and Forks,
Buck-Horn ditto,
Desert ditto,
Clasp ditto,
Pruning ditto,
Best and Second quality Penknives,
Ladies ditto,
Ladies Lasting Shoes,
Men's Coarse and Fine Hats,
Boys ditto,
Past Boards,
Wool Cards,
9-4 Rose Blankets,
8-4 ditto, ditto,
Duffil ditto,
Irish Linens,
Holland ditto,
Sheetings,
Ticklenburghs,
Osnabrigs,
Gimblets in straws,
Looking Glasses,
Hand Boards,
Garden Spades,
Frying Pans,
100 Nails,
Powder and Shot,
Salt,
Young Hyson, Hyson, Hyson-Skin, and Bohea Teas,
Coffee,
Rice,
Chocolate,
Ginger,
Allspice,
Nutmegs,
Window Glass,
Sun-Raisins,
Padlocks,
Stock ditto,
Pencil'd and Enamelled Tea China,
Liverpool ditto,
Queen's Ware Dishes and Plates,
Blue edged ditto,
Snuff Boxes,
Snuff,
Indigo,
Fig Blue,
Corks,
Loaf and Brown Sugar,
Molasses,
Best West-India Rum,
New-England ditto,
Old Cider, Brandy,
Cordials,
Cherry Bounce, &c. &c.

N. B. Wheat, Rye, or Indian Corn, will be received in exchange for the above goods; and to those who have been punctual in the discharge of their accounts for dealings during the summer, a short credit will be given as usual.

All those who are still in arrears for dealings here or at our Annapolis store, are requested to make immediate payment, to enable us to comply with our engagements, as longer indulgence cannot be given; it is hoped, therefore, that a strict observance of this request may be had, as business cannot be carried on without punctuality of payment. M. and J. B.

Beard's-Point, October 26th, 1793.

ALL persons having balances due them on tobacco, shipped to the address of Messieurs WILLIAM ANDERSON and Co. of LONDON, per my procuration, are desired to take notice, that it is necessary their bills on said company should be endorsed by me, or they will not be paid.

All those indebted to said company, for transactions through my agency, are *earnestly requested* to make immediate payment; and, in order to accommodate such as may find it more convenient to discharge their balances at Elk-Ridge-Landing, during the present inspection of tobacco, they will please to take notice, that I have furnished Mr. EDWARD GWINN with a list of balances, and copies of each person's account, who is authorised to settle with such as may apply.

The subscriber is instructed to require a strict observance to this notice, and he flatters himself it will be duly attended to and complied with, without further trouble or delay; but if, contrary to his wish and expectation, it should be neglected, he will be under the disagreeable necessity of commencing suits against all delinquents, without the least discrimination, after the first day of September next.

THOROWGOOD SMITH, Agent and attorney in fact for WILLIAM ANDERSON and Co.

July 1, 1793.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 900 acres, in the county of Harrison, and state of Virginia, within a few miles of the town of Clarksburgh. For terms apply to

JESSE DEWEES.

Annapolis, December [illegible] 1793.

PROPOSALS

For PUBLISHING a PERIODICAL WORK, to be entitled,

The MONTHLY MIRROR; or, MARYLAND MUSEUM.

I. IT shall contain a pleasing variety of interesting and entertaining subjects, calculated to improve as well as amuse the mind. The most approved selections from different authors, both ancient and modern, either of Europe or America, will form a part of this work; likewise, the newest improvements and discoveries that have or may be made, within the present century, in each art and science.

II. Extracts from various writers on *Religion, Philosophy, Laws, Physic,* and *Divinity*, shall also compose a part of this work.—A space will be assigned for the debates of congress—the debates of the British house of commons—a complete register of foreign and domestic news—essays—poetry—marriages—deaths, &c. &c.

III. Farmers, millers, and mechanics, shall be gratified with a particular description of such methods and machinery as are now in use among the most experienced in the above branches of business, in this country and in Europe.

IV. It shall comprise forty-eight octavo pages, neatly printed, and stitched in blue paper.—Price to subscribers *Twenty Shillings* per annum; others who purchase will have to pay *Twenty-two Shillings* and *Six-pence*, or *a Quarter of a Dollar* each number.

V. As soon as 400 subscribers are procured, this work shall be put to press, and a number delivered regularly in the first week of every month.* Eight pages will be assigned for ADVERTISEMENTS, which may be of peculiar advantage to the manufacturing and trading part of the community in every state in the union; as it is expected to meet with a general circulation throughout the continent, and serve as a vehicle of useful information and instruction to every citizen in the United States.

IT is needless to say much in favour of a publication of this nature.—The utility and convenience of a work of this kind must appear obvious to every person the least acquainted with polite literature, and a general knowledge of the world.—It will contribute towards the stock of necessary information, respecting mercantile affairs, manufactures, agriculture, and commerce; and is meant to convey pleasure as well as profit to those who shall patronise this work.—Readers, of every denomination, shall occasionally be furnished with sketches of real life, and the utmost exertions shall be made to render it as useful a publication as any ever attempted in this country.

Subscriptions are taken in by the publisher PHILIP EDWARDS, JAMES RICE, and AMBROSE CLARK, in Baltimore.

☞ The printers throughout the United States are earnestly requested to give these proposals a place in their news-papers, which will very much oblige their most obedient humble servant,

PHILIP EDWARDS.

Baltimore, June 28, 1793.

N. B. Those subscribers who live at a distance from Baltimore, shall have their books forwarded by the earliest and cheapest conveyance, but at their own risque and expence.

* Half the subscription money to be paid on the delivery of the first number.

BY the commissioners appointed to prepare the PUBLIC BUILDINGS, &c. within the CITY of WASHINGTON, for the reception of CONGRESS, and for their permanent residence after the year 1800.

SCHEME

OF THE

LOTTERY, No. II.

For the improvement of the FEDERAL CITY.

		Dollars.	*Dollars.*	*Dollars.*
1	A magnificent dwelling-house,	20,000, & cash	30,000, are	50,000
1	ditto -	15,000, & cash	25,000, are	40,000
1	ditto -	15,000, & cash	15,000, are	30,000
1	ditto -	10,000, & cash	10,000, are	20,000
1	ditto -	5,000, & cash	5,000, are	10,000
1	ditto -	5,000, & cash	5,000, are	10,000
1	Cash prize of	-	-	10,000
2	ditto -	5,000 each,	are -	10,000
10	ditto -	1,000,	are -	10,000
20	ditto -	500,	are -	10,000
100	ditto -	100,	are -	10,000
200	ditto -	50,	are -	10,000
400	ditto -	25,	are -	10,000
1,000	ditto -	20,	are -	20,000
15,000	ditto -	10,	are -	150,000
16,739	Prizes.			
33,261	Blanks.			
50,000	Tickets, at 8 dollars each, are -			400,000

By this lottery the commissioners will be enabled to give an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the city of Washington.—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, after the manner described in the scheme for the hotel-lottery.

N. B. The sales of the tickets in the lottery, No. II. are deferred till after the drawing of the Hotel-lottery, commencing on the 9th day of September next.

S. BLODGET, Agent for the affairs of the city.

May 20, 1793.

IN THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES, December 19, 1793.

ORDERED, That the bill to declare and explain the law in certain cases therein mentioned, with the yeas and nays upon the vote of reference, be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette, Baltimore Journal, and Maryland Herald, for the consideration of the people.

The bill to declare and explain the law in certain cases therein mentioned, was read the second time, and the question put, That the said bill be referred to the next session of assembly? The yeas and nays being called for by Mr. Goldsborough, appeared as follow:

AFFIRMATIVE.

MESSIEURS		
Kilgour,	Quynn,	Jamison,
Harwood,	Duvall,	J. Bond,
Ridout,	O'Bryon,	Prall,
M'Pherson,	Barnes,	Montgomery,
Kerr,	Seney,	M'Mechen,
King,	Whittington,	Sweatingen,
Frazier,	Dennis,	Van Lear,
Waggaman,	Houston,	Hughes,
Hollingsworth,	Purnell,	Johnson,
Ward,	Beatty,	Simkins. 32.
T. Wootton,	Bayly,	

NEGATIVE.

MESSIEURS		
W. Thomas,	T. Worthington,	Bowie,
Lloyd,	Howard,	Sprigg,
Tilghman,	Cox,	Jarrett,
Mackall,	Goldsborough,	Douglass,
Freeland,	Denwood,	Lookerman,
Hawkins,	Daffin,	Driver,
J. Thomas,	Gordon,	Oneale,
Digges,	R. Bond,	R. Wootton,
Ridgely, of Wm.	Ewing,	Tomlinson. 27.

So it was resolved in the affirmative.

True extract from the minutes.

By order, Wm. HARWOOD, clk.

A BILL, entitled, An act to declare and explain the law in certain cases therein mentioned.

WHEREAS it is represented to this general assembly, that the statute of limitation, past in the twenty-first year of the reign of James the first, chapter the sixteenth, having lately received a construction different from what has been hitherto generally given to it: And whereas doubts are now entertained by many of the good citizens of this state, whether tenants in tail, or their heirs, are comprehended within and barred by the said statute, which was passed for the purpose of limiting and prescribing the time within which every action for the recovery of lands, tenements, or hereditaments, should be brought: And whereas both justice and policy dictate that all purchases, made bona fide and sanctioned by a long and quiet possession, but more especially such purchases as have been made and possession retained under what hath been uniformly deemed to be the law of the land should be confirmed and established: And whereas this general assembly are informed and verily believe, that without the intervention of this legislature many of the good people of this state (whose ancestors have honestly purchased and paid for divers tracts of land and transmitted them to their posterity) will shortly be involved in numberless vexations and ruinous law suits under colour of some dormant entails: For declaring therefore the law in all such cases, and for the purpose of quieting all such possessions;

Be it therefore enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That all and every person or persons claiming any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, within this state, and making title thereto as the issue or issues, heir or heirs, of a tenant or tenants in tail, or as a tenant or tenants in tail, whether general or special, shall be subject and liable to be barred by the statute of the twenty-first of James the first, chapter the fixteenth, and by all other statutes and acts for limiting the time within which any entry shall be made into, or action or suit shall be brought for the recovery of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, used and practised within this state, to every intent and purpose whatever, in as full and ample manner as any person claiming any right, title or interest, in and to any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, in fee simple, or otherwise, is now subject and liable to be barred by any of the statutes aforesaid. Provided always, that all the savings and reservations in the said statute in favour of infants, femes covert, persons insane and beyond sea, shall be retained and reserved to all issues, heirs and tenants in tail within that description, in the same manner and on the same construction as they are retained and reserved to heirs in fee simple, and not otherwise, or in any other manner: Provided nevertheless, that the aforesaid act, or any part thereof, shall have no operation, force or effect, as to any causes or suits of law that may now be actually pending in any of the courts of this state.

Anne-Arundel county, December 20, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against WILLIAM MERRITT, of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, that they bring in, and lodge in the chancery court, their respective claims, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the first day of February next, in order that such part of the real estate of the said William Merritt may be sold, by the subscriber, who is appointed trustee for that purpose, as will be sufficient to discharge the said claims.

THOMAS CROMWELL, Trustee.

ANNAPOLIS:

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